§ 20.190

- (d) By the use of essential oils and chemicals used in the manufacture of each liquid article, the user shall ensure that the finished article cannot be reclaimed or diverted to beverage use or internal human use.
- (e) Each finished article shall conform to the sample, if any, and formula for that article approved in accordance with subpart F of this part.

[T.D. ATF- 199, 50 FR 1962, Mar. 6, 1985, as amended by T.D. ATF-435, 66 FR 5475, Jan. 19, 2001]

§ 20.190 Diversion of articles for internal human use or beverage use.

An appropriate TTB officer who has reason to believe that the spirits in any article are being reclaimed or diverted to beverage or internal human use may direct the permittee to modify an approved formula to prevent the reclamation or diversion. The appropriate TTB officer may require the permittee to discontinue the use of the formula until it has been modified and again approved.

 $[\mathrm{T.D.\ ATF-}\ 435,\ 66\ \mathrm{FR}\ 5475,\ \mathrm{Jan.}\ 19,\ 2001]$

§ 20.191 Bulk articles.

Users who convey articles in containers exceeding one gallon may provide the recipient with a photocopy of subpart G of this part to ensure compliance with requirements relating to articles. Copies of subpart G are printed as TTB Publication 5150.5 and are available as provided in §20.21(b).

[T.D. ATF-199, 50 FR 9162, Mar. 6, 1985, as amended by T.D. ATF-249, 52 FR 5961, Feb. 27, 1987]

§ 20.192 Manufacturing record.

For each manufacturing process in which specially denatured spirits are used, the user shall record:

- (a) Quantity and formula number of new or recovered specially denatured spirits used;
- (b) Names and quantities of ingredients used; and
- (c) Name, trade name or brand name and alcoholic content of each article or intermediate product manufactured, as applicable.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0337)

Subpart J—Losses

§ 20.201 Liability and responsibility of carrier.

- (a) A person or carrier transporting specially denatured spirits to a consignee or returning it to the consignor is responsible for the safe delivery and is accountable for any specially denatured spirits not delivered.
- (b) A person or carrier transporting specially denatured spirits in violation of any law or regulation pertaining thereto, is subject to all provisions of law relating to alcohol and the payment of tax thereon, and shall be required to pay the tax.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1314, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5001))

§ 20.202 Losses in transit.

- (a) Reporting losses. Upon discovering any loss of specially denatured spirits while in transit, the carrier shall immediately inform the consignee, in writing, of the facts and circumstances relating to the loss. In the case of theft, the carrier shall also immediately notify the consignee's appropriate TTB officer of the facts and circumstances relating to the loss.
- (b) Recording losses. At the time the shipment or report of loss is received, the consignee shall determine the quantity of specially denatured spirits lost. The consignee shall note the quantity lost on the receiving document and attach all relevant information to the record of receipt, prescribed in §20.163. For the purpose of maintaining the records prescribed in subpart P of this part, receipts of specially denatured spirits will only include the quantity actually received.
- (c) Claims. A claim for allowances of losses of specially denatured spirits will, as prescribed in §20.205, be filed:
- (1) If the quantity lost in transit exceeds one percent of the total quantity shipped and is more than 10 gallons, the consignee shall file a claim for allowance of the entire quantity lost; or
- (2) If the loss was due to theft or other unlawful removal, the consignee shall file a claim for allowance of the

entire quantity lost, regardless of the quantity or percentage involved.

(Reporting approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0336; recordkeeping approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0337)

§ 20.203 Losses on premises.

- (a) Recording of losses. A permittee shall determine and record, in the records prescribed by subpart P of this part, the quantity of specially denatured spirits or recovered alcohol lost on premises:
 - (1) When an inventory is taken,
- (2) At the time a container is emptied, or
- (3) Immediately upon the discovery of any loss due to casualty, theft or other unusual causes.
- (b) Claims. A claim for allowance of specially denatured spirits will be filed as prescribed in §20.205, in the following circumstances:
- (1) If the quantity lost during the annual accounting period (§20.263(c)) exceeds one percent of the quantity to be accounted for during that period, and is more than 50 gallons; or,
- (2) If the loss was due to theft or unlawful use or removal, the permittee shall file a claim for allowance of losses regardless of the quantity involved.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0337)

§ 20.204 Incomplete shipments.

- (a) Subject to the provisions of this part (and Part 19 of this chapter for shipments made by a distilled spirits plant), when containers of specially denatured spirits have sustained losses in transit other than by theft, and the shipment will not be delivered to the consignee, the carrier may return the shipment to the shipper.
- (b) When specially denatured spirits are returned to the shipper in accordance with this section, the carrier shall inform the shipper, in writing, of the facts and circumstances relating to the loss. In the case of theft, the carrier shall also immediately notify the shipper's appropriate TTB officer of the facts and circumstances relating to the loss

(c) Subject to the limitations for loss prescribed in §20.202, the dealer or proprietor shall file a claim for allowance of the entire quantity lost, in the same manner provided in that section. The claim shall include the applicable data required by §20.205.

§ 20.205 Claims.

Claims for allowance of losses of specially denatured spirits or recovered alcohol will be filed, on Form 2635 (5620.8), within 30 days from the date the loss is ascertained, and will contain the following information:

- (a) Name, address, and permit number of claimant;
- (b) Identification and location of the container(s) from which the specially denatured spirits or recovered alcohol was lost, and the quantity lost from each container;
- (c) Total quantity of specially denatured spirits or recovered alcohol covered by the claim and the aggregate quantity involved;
- (d) Date of loss or discovery, the cause or nature of loss, and all relevant facts, including facts establishing whether the loss occurred as a result of negligence, connivance, collusion, or fraud on the part of any person, employee or agent participating in or responsible for the loss:
- (e) Name of carrier where a loss in transit is involved. The carrier's statement regarding the loss, prescribed by §20.202 or §20.204, will accompany the claim; and,
- (f) Any additional evidence which the appropriate TTB officer may require to be submitted in support of the claim.

Subpart K—Recovery of Denatured Alcohol, Specially Denatured Rum, or Articles

§20.211 General.

(a) Upon filing the appropriate qualifying documents under the applicable provisions of subparts D and F of this part and receiving approval, a manufacturer using denatured alcohol, specially denatured rum, or articles in an approved process may recover the denatured alcohol, specially denatured rum, or articles. However, a person who recovers (1) completely denatured